

#2191 Store at -20°C

SRC-1 (128E7) Rabbit mAb

✓ 100 µl (10 Western mini-blot)

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New 04/07

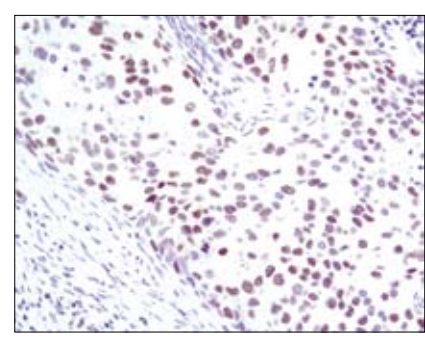
This product is for *in vitro* research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Applications	Species Cross-Reactivity	Molecular Wt.	Source	Isotype
W, IP, IHC-P	H, M, R, Mk	180 kDa	Rabbit*	IgG

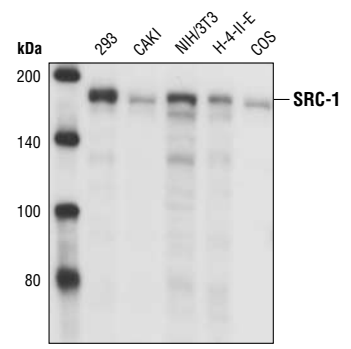
Background: There are three members of the steroid receptor co-activator (SRC) family of proteins: SRC-1 (NCoA-1), SRC-2 (TIF2/G RIP1/NCoA-2), and SRC-3 (ACTR/pCIP/RAC3/TRAM-1/AIB1). The SRC family members all share significant structural homology and function in a similar fashion to stimulate transcription mediated by nuclear hormone receptors and other transcriptional activators such as STAT3, NF-κB, E2F1 and p53 (1-4). Two SRC proteins, SRC-1 and SRC-3, function as histone acetyltransferases (5,6). In addition, all three family members can recruit other histone acetyltransferases (CBP/p300, PCAF) and histone methyltransferases (PRMT1, CARM1) to target promoters and cooperate to enhance expression of many genes (5-8). The SRC proteins play important roles in multiple physiological processes, including cell proliferation, cell survival, somatic cell growth, mammary gland development, female reproductive function and vasoprotection (9). SRC-1 and SRC-3 are conduits for kinase-mediated growth factor signaling to the estrogen receptor and other transcriptional activators. Seven SRC-1 phosphorylation sites and six SRC-3 phosphorylation sites have been identified, and these are induced by steroids, cytokines and growth factors, involving multiple kinase signaling pathways (9-11). All three SRC family members are associated with increased activity of nuclear receptors in breast, prostate and ovarian carcinomas. In addition, SRC-3 is frequently amplified or over-expressed in a number of cancers (12), and SRC-1/PAX3 and SRC-2/MYST3 translocations are found associated with rhabdomyosarcomas and acute myeloid leukemias, respectively (13,14).

Specificity/Sensitivity: SRC-1 (128E7) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total SRC-1 protein (all three isoforms). The antibody does not cross-react with other SRC proteins, including SRC-2 and SRC-3.

Source/Purification: Monoclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing rabbits with a synthetic peptide (KLH-coupled) derived from the sequence of human SRC-1 protein.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma using SRC-1 (128E7) Rabbit mAb.



Western blot analysis of cell extracts from various cell types using SRC-1 (128E7) Rabbit mAb.

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

***Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody**

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

Western blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:100
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:200
IHC Protocol	Citrate/TBST

Companion Products:

- SRC-3 (11B1) Mouse mAb #2115
- CBP Antibody #4772
- PRMT1 (A33) Antibody #2449
- PRMT4/CARM1 Antibody #4438
- Stat3 Antibody #9132
- Stat3 (79D7) Rabbit mAb #4904
- E2F-1 Antibody #3742
- p53 (7F5) Rabbit mAb #2527
- p53 (1C12) Mouse mAb #2524
- NF-κB p65 Antibody #3034
- Phototope®-HRP Western Blot Detection System, Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP-linked Antibody #7071
- Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP-linked Antibody #7074
- Prestained Protein Marker, Broad Range (Premixed Format) #7720
- Biotinylated Protein Ladder Detection Pack #7727
- 20X LumiGLO® Reagent and 20X Peroxide #7003

Background References:

- (1) Giraud, S. et al. (2002) *J. Biol. Chem.* 277, 8004-8011.
- (2) Na, S.Y. et al. (1998) *J. Biol. Chem.* 273, 10831-10834.
- (3) Louie, M.C. et al. (2004) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 24, 5157-5171.
- (4) Lee, S.K. et al. (1999) *Mol. Endocrinol.* 13, 1924-1933.
- (5) Spencer, T.E. et al. (1997) *Nature* 389, 194-198.
- (6) Chen, H. et al. (1997) *Cell* 90, 569-580.
- (7) Koh, S.S. et al. (2001) *J. Biol. Chem.* 276, 1089-1098.
- (8) Chen, D. et al. (1999) *Science* 284, 2174-2177.
- (9) Wu, R.C. et al. (2004) *Mol. Cell* 15, 937-949.
- (10) Rowan, B.G. et al. (2000) *J. Biol. Chem.* 275, 4475-4483.
- (11) Zhou, H.J. et al. (2005) *Cancer Res.* 65, 7976-7983.
- (12) Torres-Arzayus, M.I. et al. (2004) *Cancer Cell* 6, 263-274.
- (13) Wachtel, M. et al. (2004) *Cancer Res.* 64, 5539-5545.
- (14) Deguchi, K. et al. (2003) *Cancer Cell* 3, 259-271.

IMPORTANT: For Western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry IC—Immunocytochemistry IF—Immunofluorescence
Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken X—Xenopus
 Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology.

F—Flow cytometry E—ELISA D—DELFIAP®
 Z—zebra fish B—bovine All—all species expected

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Western Immunoblotting Protocol (Primary Ab Incubation In BSA)

For Western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

A Solutions and Reagents

NOTE: Prepare solutions with Milli-Q or equivalently purified water.

- 1X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS)
- 1X SDS Sample Buffer:** 62.5 mM Tris-HCl (pH 6.8 at 25°C), 2% w/v SDS, 10% glycerol, 50 mM DTT, 0.01% w/v bromophenol blue or phenol red
- Transfer Buffer:** 25 mM Tris base, 0.2 M glycine, 20% methanol (pH 8.5)
- 10X Tris Buffered Saline (TBS):** To prepare 1 liter of 10X TBS: 24.2 g Tris base, 80 g NaCl; adjust pH to 7.6 with HCl (use at 1X).
- Nonfat Dry Milk (weight to volume [w/v])
- Blocking Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 with 5% w/v nonfat dry milk; for 150 ml, add 15 ml 10X TBS to 135 ml water, mix. Add 7.5 g nonfat dry milk and mix well. While stirring, add 0.15 ml Tween-20 (100%).
- Wash Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 (TBS/T)
- Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)
- Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 with 5% BSA; for 20 ml, add 2 ml 10X TBS to 18 ml water, mix. Add 1.0 g BSA and mix well. While stirring, add 20 µl Tween-20 (100%).
- Phototope[®]-HRP Western Blot Detection System #7071:** Includes biotinylated protein ladder, secondary anti-rabbit (#7074) antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP), anti-biotin antibody conjugated to HRP, LumiGLO[®] chemiluminescent reagent and peroxide.
- Prestained Protein Marker, Broad Range (Premixed Format) #7720
- Biotinylated Protein Ladder Detection Pack #7727
- Blotting Membrane:** This protocol has been optimized for nitrocellulose membranes, which CST recommends. PVDF membranes may also be used.

B Protein Blotting

A general protocol for sample preparation is described below.

- Treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
- Aspirate media from cultures; wash cells with 1X PBS; aspirate.
- Lyse cells by adding 1X SDS sample buffer (100 µl per well of 6-well plate or 500 µl per plate of 10 cm diameter plate). Immediately scrape the cells off the plate and transfer the extract to a microcentrifuge tube. Keep on ice.
- Sonicate for 10–15 seconds to shear DNA and reduce sample viscosity.
- Heat a 20 µl sample to 95–100°C for 5 minutes; cool on ice.
- Microcentrifuge for 5 minutes.
- Load 20 µl onto SDS-PAGE gel (10 cm x 10 cm).

NOTE: CST recommends loading prestained molecular weight markers (#7720, 10 µl/lane) to verify electrotransfer and biotinylated protein ladder (#7727, 10 µl/lane) to determine molecular weights.

- Electrotransfer to nitrocellulose or PVDF membrane.

C Membrane Blocking and Antibody Incubations

NOTE: Volumes are for 10 cm x 10 cm (100 cm²) of membrane; for different sized membranes, adjust volumes accordingly.

- (Optional) After transfer, wash nitrocellulose membrane with 25 ml TBS for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- Incubate membrane in 25 ml of blocking buffer for 1 hour at room temperature.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.
- Incubate membrane and primary antibody (at the appropriate dilution) in 10 ml primary antibody dilution buffer with gentle agitation overnight at 4°C.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.
- Incubate membrane with HRP-conjugated secondary antibody (1:2000) and HRP-conjugated anti-biotin antibody (1:1000) to detect biotinylated protein markers in 10 ml of blocking buffer with gentle agitation for 1 hour at room temperature.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.

D Detection of Proteins

- Incubate membrane with 10 ml LumiGLO[®] (0.5 ml 20X LumiGLO[®], 0.5 ml 20X Peroxide and 9.0 ml Milli-Q water) with gentle agitation for 1 minute at room temperature.

NOTE: LumiGLO[®] substrate can be further diluted if signal response is too fast.

- Drain membrane of excess developing solution (do not let dry), wrap in plastic wrap and expose to x-ray film. An initial 10-second exposure should indicate the proper exposure time.

NOTE: Due to the kinetics of the detection reaction, signal is most intense immediately following LumiGLO[®] incubation and declines over the following 2 hours.

Immunoprecipitation Protocol / (For Analysis By Western Immunoblotting)

A Solutions and Reagents

NOTE: Prepare solutions with Milli-Q or equivalently purified water.

1. 1X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS)
2. **1X Cell Lysis Buffer:** 20 mM Tris (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM EGTA, 1% Triton X-100, 2.5 mM Sodium pyrophosphate, 1 mM β -glycerophosphate, 1 mM Na_3VO_4 , 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ Leupeptin

NOTE: CST recommends adding 1 mM PMSF before use*.

3. **Transfer Buffer:** 25 mM Tris base, 0.2 mM glycine, 20% methanol (pH 8.5)
4. **Protein A or G Agarose Beads:** (Can be stored for 2 weeks at 4°C.) Please prepare according to manufacturer's instructions. Use Protein A for rabbit IgG pull down and Protein G for mouse IgG pull down.
5. **3X SDS Sample Buffer:** 187.5 mM Tris-HCl (pH 6.8 at 25°C), 6% w/v SDS, 30% glycerol, 150 mM DTT, 0.03% w/v bromophenol blue

B Preparing Cell Lysates

1. Aspirate media. Treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
2. To harvest cells under nondenaturing conditions, remove media and rinse cells once with ice-cold PBS.

3. Remove PBS and add 0.5 ml 1X ice-cold cell lysis buffer plus 1 mM PMSF* to each plate (10 cm) and incubate the plates on ice for 5 minutes.
4. Scrape cells off the plates and transfer to microcentrifuge tubes. Keep on ice.
5. Sonicate samples on ice four times for 5 seconds each.
6. Microcentrifuge for 10 minutes at 4°C, and transfer the supernatant to a new tube. If necessary, lysate can be stored at -80°C.

C Immunoprecipitation

1. Take 200 μl cell lysate and add primary antibody. Incubate with gentle rocking overnight at 4°C.
2. Add either protein A or G agarose beads (20 μl of 50% bead slurry). Incubate with gentle rocking for 1–3 hours at 4°C.
3. Microcentrifuge for 30 seconds at 4°C. Wash pellet five times with 500 μl of 1X cell lysis buffer. Keep on ice during washes.
4. Resuspend the pellet with 20 μl 3X SDS sample buffer. Vortex, then microcentrifuge for 30 seconds.
5. Heat the sample to 95–100°C for 2–5 minutes.
6. Load the sample (15–30 μl) on SDS-PAGE gel (12–15%).
7. Analyze sample by Western blotting (see Western Immunoblotting Protocol).

Immunohistochemistry Protocol (Paraffin)

***IMPORTANT:** See product data sheet for the appropriate wash buffer and antigen unmasking procedure.

- For Citrate/PBST, use steps 5a, 6a and C1.
- For Citrate/TBST, use steps 5b, 6a and C1.
- For EDTA/PBST, use steps 5a, 6b and C2.
- For EDTA/TBST, use steps 5b, 6b and C2.

A Solutions and Reagents

1. Xylene
2. Ethanol, anhydrous denatured, histological grade (100% and 95%)
3. Deionized water (dH₂O)
4. Hematoxylin (optional)
5. ***Wash Buffer:**
 - For Citrate/PBST OR EDTA/PBST:** 1X PBS/0.1% Tween-20 (wash buffer): To prepare 1 L add 100 ml 10X PBS to 900 ml dH₂O. Add 1ml Tween-20 and mix.
 - 10X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS):** To prepare 1 L add 80 g sodium chloride (NaCl), 2 g potassium chloride (KCl), 14.4 g sodium phosphate, dibasic (Na₂HPO₄) and 2.4 g potassium phosphate, monobasic (KH₂PO₄) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 7.4.
 - For Citrate/TBST OR EDTA/TBST:** 1X TBS/0.1% Tween-20 (wash buffer): To prepare 1 L add 100 ml 10X TBS to 900 ml dH₂O. Add 1 ml Tween-20 and mix.
 - 10X Tris Buffered Saline (TBS):** To prepare 1 L add 24.2 g Trizma® base (C₄H₁₁NO₃) and 80 g sodium chloride (NaCl) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 7.6 with concentrated HCl.
6. ***Antigen Unmasking Solution:**
 - For Citrate/PBST OR Citrate/TBST:** 10 mM Sodium Citrate Buffer: To prepare 1 L, add 2.94 g sodium citrate trisodium salt dihydrate (C₆H₅Na₃O₇•2H₂O) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 6.0.
 - For EDTA/PBST OR EDTA/TBST:** 1 mM EDTA: To prepare 1 L add 0.372 g EDTA (C₁₀H₁₆N₂O₈Na₂•2H₂O) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 8.0.
 - Alternative Unmasking: 10 mM Tris:** To prepare 1 L add 1.21 g Trizma® Base (C₄H₁₁NO₃) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 10.0.
7. **3% Hydrogen Peroxide:** To prepare, add 10 ml 30% H₂O₂ to 90 ml dH₂O.
8. **Blocking Solution:** 5% horse serum or goat serum diluted in recommended wash buffer.
9. Biotinylated secondary antibody.
10. **ABC Reagent:** (Vectastain ABC Kit, Vector Laboratories, Inc., Burlingame, CA) Prepare according to manufacturer's instructions 30 minutes before use.
11. **DAB Reagent or suitable substrate:** Prepare according to manufacturer's recommendations.

B Deparaffinization/Rehydration

NOTE: Do not allow slides to dry at any time during this procedure.

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for recommended wash buffer.

1. **Deparaffinize/hydrate sections:**
 - a. Incubate sections in three washes of xylene for 5 minutes each.
 - b. Incubate sections in two washes of 100% ethanol for 10 minutes each.
 - c. Incubate sections in two washes of 95% ethanol for 10 minutes each.
2. Wash sections twice in dH₂O for 5 minutes each.

C *Antigen Unmasking

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for specific recommendation for the unmasking solution.

1. **For Citrate/PBST OR Citrate/TBST:** Bring slides to a boil in 10 mM sodium citrate buffer pH 6.0 then maintain at a sub-boiling temperature for 10 minutes. Cool slides on bench top for 30 minutes.
2. **For EDTA/PBST OR EDTA/TBST:** Bring slides to a boil in 1 mM EDTA pH 8.0 followed by 15 minutes at a sub-boiling temperature. No cooling is necessary.
3. **Alternate:** Bring slides to a boil in 10 mM Tris pH 10.0 followed by 10 minutes at a sub boiling temperature. Cool slides on bench top for 30 minutes.

D Staining

1. Wash sections in dH₂O three times for 5 minutes each.
2. Incubate sections in 3% hydrogen peroxide for 10 minutes.
3. Wash sections in dH₂O twice for 5 minutes each.

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for recommended wash buffer.

4. Wash section in wash buffer for 5 minutes.
5. Block each section with 100–400 µl blocking solution for 1 hour at room temperature.
6. Remove blocking solution and add 100–400 µl diluted primary antibody to each section. (Dilute antibody in blocking solution.) Incubate overnight at 4°C.
7. Remove antibody solution and wash sections in wash buffer three times for 5 minutes each.
8. Add 100–400 µl secondary antibody, diluted in blocking solution per manufacturer's recommendation, to each section. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
9. If using ABC avidin/biotin method, make ABC reagent according to the manufacturer's instructions and incubate solution for 30 minutes at room temperature.
10. Remove secondary antibody solution and wash sections three times with wash buffer for 5 minutes each.
11. Add 100–400 µl ABC reagent to each section and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
12. Remove ABC reagent and wash sections three times in wash buffer for 5 minutes each.
13. Add 100–400 µl DAB or suitable substrate to each section and monitor staining closely.
14. As soon as the sections develop, immerse slides in dH₂O.
15. If desired, counterstain sections in hematoxylin per manufacturer's instructions.
16. Wash sections in dH₂O two times for 5 minutes each.
17. Dehydrate sections:
 - a. Incubate sections in 95% ethanol two times for 10 seconds each.
 - b. Repeat in 100% ethanol, incubating sections two times for 10 seconds each.
 - c. Repeat in xylene, incubating sections two times for 10 seconds each.
18. Mount coverslips.