

#4772 Store at -20°C

CBP Antibody

100 µl
 (10 Western mini-blot)

rev 12/27/07

Orders ■ 877-616-CELL (2355)
 orders@cellsignal.com

Support ■ 877-678-TECH (8324)
 info@cellsignal.com

Web ■ www.cellsignal.com

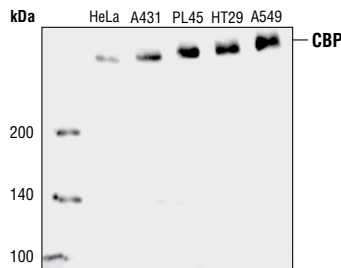
This product is for *in vitro* research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Applications	Species Cross-Reactivity*	Molecular Wt.	Source
W, IHC-P	H, Mk	300 kDa	Rabbit

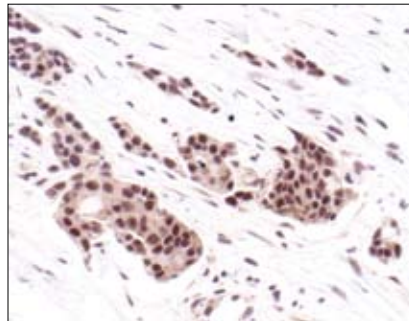
Background: CBP (CREB-binding protein) and p300 are highly conserved and functionally related transcriptional co-activators that associate with transcriptional regulators and signaling molecules, integrating multiple signal transduction pathways with the transcriptional machinery (1,2). CBP/p300 also contain histone acetyltransferase (HAT) activity, allowing them to acetylate histones and other proteins (2). Phosphorylation of p300 at Ser89 by PKC represses its transcriptional activity, and phosphorylation at the same site by AMPK disrupts the association of p300 with nuclear receptors (3,4). Ser1834 phosphorylation of p300 by Akt disrupts its association with C/EBPbeta (5). Growth factors induce phosphorylation of CBP at Ser437, which is required for CBP recruitment to the transcription complex (6). CaM kinase IV phosphorylates CBP at Ser302, which is required for CBP-dependent transcriptional activation in the CNS (7). The role of acetylation of CBP/p300 is of particular interest (2,8). Acetylation of Lys1499 of p300 has been demonstrated to enhance its HAT activity and affect a wide variety of signaling events (9).

Specificity/Sensitivity: CBP Antibody detects endogenous levels of total CBP protein. This antibody does not cross-react with p300.

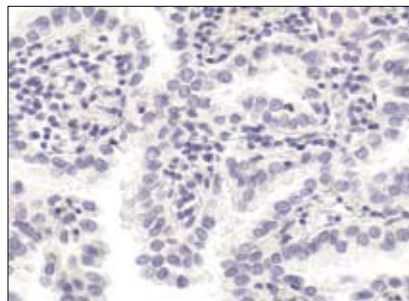
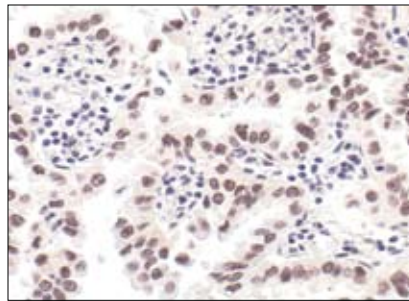
Source/Purification: Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing rabbits with a synthetic peptide (KLH-coupled) corresponding to residues of human CBP. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.



Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa, A431, PL45, HT29 and A549 cells using CBP Antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma using CBP Antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma using CBP Antibody in the presence of control peptide (upper) or antigen-specific peptide (lower).

Entrez-Gene ID # 1387
Swiss-Prot Acc. # Q92793

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C. *Do not aliquot the antibody.*

***Species cross-reactivity is determined by Western blot.**

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

Western Blotting 1:1000
 Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) 1:300

Companion Products:

Phototope®-HRP Western Blot Detection System, Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP-linked Antibody #7071

Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP-linked Antibody #7074

Prestained Protein Marker, Broad Range (Premixed Format) #7720

Red Loading Buffer Pack #7723

20X LumiGLO® Reagent and 20X Peroxide #7003

Acetyl-CBP (Lys1535)/p300 (Lys1499) Antibody #4771

Background References:

- (1) Goodman, R.H. and Smolik, S. (2000) *Genes Dev.* 14, 1533-1577.
- (2) Chan, H.M. and La Thangue, N.B. (2001) *J. Cell Sci.* 114, 2363-2373.
- (3) Yuan, L.W. and Gambee, J.E. (2000) *J. Biol. Chem.* 275, 40946-40951.
- (4) Yang, W. et al. (2001) *J. Biol. Chem.* 276, 38341-38344.
- (5) Guo, S. et al. (2001) *J. Biol. Chem.* 276, 8516-8523.
- (6) Zanger, K. et al. (2001) *Mol. Cell* 7, 551-558.
- (7) Impey, S. et al. (2002) *Neuron* 34, 235-244.
- (8) Yuan, L.W. and Giordano, A. (2002) *Oncogene* 21, 2253-2260.
- (9) Thompson, P.R. et al. (2004) *Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol.* 11, 308-315.

IMPORTANT: For Western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry IC—Immunocytochemistry IF—Immunofluorescence

Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken X—Xenopus

F—Flow cytometry E—ELISA D—DELFIATM

Z—zebra fish B—bovine All—all species expected

Western Immunoblotting Protocol (Primary Antibody Incubation in BSA)

For Western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

A Solutions and Reagents

NOTE: Prepare solutions with Milli-Q or equivalently purified water.

- 1X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS)
- 1X SDS Sample Buffer:** 62.5 mM Tris-HCl (pH 6.8 at 25°C), 2% w/v SDS, 10% glycerol, 50 mM DTT, 0.01% w/v bromophenol blue or phenol red
- Transfer Buffer:** 25 mM Tris base, 0.2 M glycine, 20% methanol (pH 8.5)
- 10X Tris Buffered Saline (TBS):** To prepare 1 liter of 10X TBS: 24.2 g Tris base, 80 g NaCl; adjust pH to 7.6 with HCl (use at 1X).
- Nonfat Dry Milk (weight to volume [w/v])
- Blocking Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 with 5% w/v nonfat dry milk; for 150 ml, add 15 ml 10X TBS to 135 ml water, mix. Add 7.5 g nonfat dry milk and mix well. While stirring, add 0.15 ml Tween-20 (100%).
- Wash Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 (TBS/T)
- Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)
- Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer:** 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 with 5% BSA; for 20 ml, add 2 ml 10X TBS to 18 ml water, mix. Add 1.0 g BSA and mix well. While stirring, add 20 µl Tween-20 (100%).
- Phototope®-HRP Western Blot Detection System #7071:** Includes biotinylated protein ladder, secondary anti-rabbit (#7074) antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP), anti-biotin antibody conjugated to HRP, LumiGLO® chemiluminescent reagent and peroxide.
- Prestained Protein Marker, Broad Range (Premixed Format) #7720
- Biotinylated Protein Ladder Detection Pack #7727
- Blotting Membrane:** This protocol has been optimized for nitrocellulose membranes, which CST recommends. PVDF membranes may also be used.

B Protein Blotting

A general protocol for sample preparation is described below.

- Treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
- Aspirate media from cultures; wash cells with 1X PBS; aspirate.
- Lyse cells by adding 1X SDS sample buffer (100 µl per well of 6-well plate or 500 µl per plate of 10 cm diameter plate). Immediately scrape the cells off the plate and transfer the extract to a microcentrifuge tube. Keep on ice.
- Sonicate for 10–15 seconds to shear DNA and reduce sample viscosity.
- Heat a 20 µl sample to 95–100°C for 5 minutes; cool on ice.
- Microcentrifuge for 5 minutes.
- Load 20 µl onto SDS-PAGE gel (10 cm x 10 cm).

NOTE: CST recommends loading prestained molecular weight markers (#7720, 10 µl/lane) to verify electrotransfer and biotinylated protein ladder (#7727, 10 µl/lane) to determine molecular weights.

- Electrotransfer to nitrocellulose or PVDF membrane.

C Membrane Blocking and Antibody Incubations

NOTE: Volumes are for 10 cm x 10 cm (100 cm²) of membrane; for different sized membranes, adjust volumes accordingly.

- (Optional) After transfer, wash nitrocellulose membrane with 25 ml TBS for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- Incubate membrane in 25 ml of blocking buffer for 1 hour at room temperature.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.
- Incubate membrane and primary antibody (at the appropriate dilution) in 10 ml primary antibody dilution buffer with gentle agitation overnight at 4°C.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.
- Incubate membrane with HRP-conjugated secondary antibody (1:2000) and HRP-conjugated anti-biotin antibody (1:1000) to detect biotinylated protein markers in 10 ml of blocking buffer with gentle agitation for 1 hour at room temperature.
- Wash three times for 5 minutes each with 15 ml of TBS/T.

D Detection of Proteins

- Incubate membrane with 10 ml LumiGLO® (0.5 ml 20X LumiGLO®, 0.5 ml 20X Peroxide and 9.0 ml Milli-Q water) with gentle agitation for 1 minute at room temperature.

NOTE: LumiGLO® substrate can be further diluted if signal response is too fast.

- Drain membrane of excess developing solution (do not let dry), wrap in plastic wrap and expose to x-ray film. An initial 10-second exposure should indicate the proper exposure time.

NOTE: Due to the kinetics of the detection reaction, signal is most intense immediately following LumiGLO® incubation and declines over the following 2 hours.

Immunohistochemistry Protocol (Paraffin)

***IMPORTANT:** See product data sheet for the appropriate wash buffer and antigen unmasking procedure. **IHC Protocol:** Unmasking buffer/wash buffer.

A Solutions and Reagents

1. Xylene
2. Ethanol, anhydrous denatured, histological grade (100% and 95%)
3. Deionized water (dH₂O)
4. Hematoxylin (optional)
5. ***Wash Buffer:**
 - a. **PBST:** 1X PBS/0.1% Tween-20 (wash buffer): To prepare 1 L add 100 ml 10X PBS to 900 ml dH₂O. Add 1ml Tween-20 and mix.
10X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS): To prepare 1 L add 80 g sodium chloride (NaCl), 2 g potassium chloride (KCl), 14.4 g sodium phosphate, dibasic (Na₂HPO₄) and 2.4 g potassium phosphate, monobasic (KH₂PO₄) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 7.4.
 - b. **TBST:** 1X TBS/0.1% Tween-20 (wash buffer): To prepare 1 L add 100 ml 10X TBS to 900 ml dH₂O. Add 1 ml Tween-20 and mix.
10X Tris Buffered Saline (TBS): To prepare 1 L add 24.2 g Trizma® base (C₄H₁₁NO₃) and 80 g sodium chloride (NaCl) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 7.6 with concentrated HCl.
6. ***Antigen Unmasking Solution:**
 - a. **Citrate:** 10 mM Sodium Citrate Buffer: To prepare 1 L, add 2.94 g sodium citrate trisodium salt dihydrate (C₆H₅Na₃O₇•2H₂O) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 6.0.
 - b. **EDTA:** 1 mM EDTA: To prepare 1 L add 0.372 g EDTA (C₁₀H₁₄N₂O₈Na₂•2H₂O) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 8.0.
 - c. **Alternative Unmasking: 10 mM Tris:** To prepare 1 L add 1.21 g Trizma® Base (C₄H₁₁NO₃) to 1 L dH₂O. Adjust pH to 10.0.
 - d. **Pepsin:** 1 mg/ml in Tris-HCl pH 2.0.
7. **3% Hydrogen Peroxide:** To prepare, add 10 ml 30% H₂O₂ to 90 ml dH₂O.
8. **Blocking Solution:** 5% horse serum or goat serum diluted in recommended wash buffer.
9. Biotinylated secondary antibody.
10. **ABC Reagent:** (Vectastain ABC Kit, Vector Laboratories, Inc., Burlingame, CA) Prepare according to manufacturer's instructions 30 minutes before use.
11. **DAB Reagent or suitable substrate:** Prepare according to manufacturer's recommendations.

B Deparaffinization/Rehydration

NOTE: Do not allow slides to dry at any time during this procedure.

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for recommended wash buffer.

1. **Deparaffinize/hydrate sections:**
 - a. Incubate sections in three washes of xylene for 5 minutes each.
 - b. Incubate sections in two washes of 100% ethanol for 10 minutes each.
 - c. Incubate sections in two washes of 95% ethanol for 10 minutes each.
2. Wash sections twice in dH₂O for 5 minutes each.

C *Antigen Unmasking

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for specific recommendation for the unmasking solution.

1. **For Citrate:** Bring slides to a boil in 10 mM sodium citrate buffer pH 6.0 then maintain at a sub-boiling temperature for 10 minutes. Cool slides on bench top for 30 minutes.
2. **For EDTA:** Bring slides to a boil in 1 mM EDTA pH 8.0 followed by 15 minutes at a sub-boiling temperature. No cooling is necessary.
3. **Alternate:** Bring slides to a boil in 10 mM Tris pH 10.0 followed by 10 minutes at a sub-boiling temperature. Cool slides on bench top for 30 minutes.
4. **For Pepsin:** Digest for 10 minutes at 37°C.

D Staining

1. Wash sections in dH₂O three times for 5 minutes each.
2. Incubate sections in 3% hydrogen peroxide for 10 minutes.
3. Wash sections in dH₂O twice for 5 minutes each.

NOTE: Consult product data sheet for recommended wash buffer.

4. Wash section in wash buffer for 5 minutes.
5. Block each section with 100-400 µl blocking solution for 1 hour at room temperature.
6. Remove blocking solution and add 100-400 µl diluted primary antibody to each section. (Dilute antibody in blocking solution.) Incubate overnight at 4°C.
7. Remove antibody solution and wash sections in wash buffer three times for 5 minutes each.
8. Add 100-400 µl secondary antibody, diluted in blocking solution per manufacturer's recommendation, to each section. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
9. If using ABC avidin/biotin method, make ABC reagent according to the manufacturer's instructions and incubate solution for 30 minutes at room temperature.
10. Remove secondary antibody solution and wash sections three times with wash buffer for 5 minutes each.
11. Add 100-400 µl ABC reagent to each section and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
12. Remove ABC reagent and wash sections three times in wash buffer for 5 minutes each.
13. Add 100-400 µl DAB or suitable substrate to each section and monitor staining closely.
14. As soon as the sections develop, immerse slides in dH₂O.
15. If desired, counterstain sections in hematoxylin per manufacturer's instructions.
16. Wash sections in dH₂O two times for 5 minutes each.
17. Dehydrate sections:
 - a. Incubate sections in 95% ethanol two times for 10 seconds each.
 - b. Repeat in 100% ethanol, incubating sections two times for 10 seconds each.
 - c. Repeat in xylene, incubating sections two times for 10 seconds each.
18. Mount coverslips.