

PathScan® Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair

✓ 1 Kit
(4 X 96 assays)



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New 12/07

This product is for *in vitro* research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Entrez-Gene ID #5595, 5594
Swiss-Prot Acc. #P27361, P28482

Species Cross-Reactivity: H, M

Description: CST's PathScan® Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair is being offered as an economical alternative to our PathScan® Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Kit #7177. Capture and Detection antibodies (100X stocks) and an HRP-conjugated secondary antibody (1000X stock) are supplied. Sufficient reagents are supplied for 4 x 96 well ELISAs. The Phospho-p44/42 MAPK Rabbit Capture Antibody is coated in PBS overnight in a 96 well microplate. After blocking, cell lysate is added followed by a p44/42 MAPK Mouse Detection Antibody and an HRP-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Antibody. HRP substrate (TMB) is added for color development. The magnitude of the absorbance for this developed color is proportional to the quantity of p44/42 MAPK phosphorylated at Thr202/Tyr204.

*Antibodies in this kit are custom formulations specific to the kit.

Reagents not supplied:

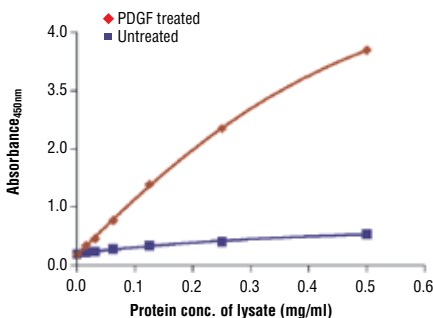
- Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS-20X) #9808
- Phosphate Buffered Saline with Tween-20 (PBST-20X) #9809
- Cell Lysis Buffer (10X) #9803
- TMB Substrate #7004
- STOP Solution #7002
- Blocking Buffer: 1X PBS/0.05% Tween-20, 1% BSA
- 96 Well Microplates**
- Microplate Reader

** Antibody Pairs have been validated on Corning® 96 Well Clear Polystyrene High Bind Stripwell™ Microplates (#2592) and Corning® 96 Well EIA/RIA Easy Wash™ Clear Flat Bottom Polystyrene High Bind Microplates (#3369).

Note: Antibody pairs have been optimized using recommended buffers, reagents, plates and the included protocol. Solutions should be made fresh daily.

Background: Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) are a widely conserved family of serine/threonine protein kinases involved in many cellular programs such as cell proliferation, differentiation, motility, and death. The p44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2) signaling pathway can be activated in response to a diverse range of extracellular stimuli including mitogens, growth factors, and cytokines (1-3) and is an important target in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer (4). Upon stimulation, a sequential three-part protein kinase cascade is initiated, consisting of a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK), a MAP kinase kinase (MAPKK), and a

Products Included	Volume	Cap Color	Storage
Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Rabbit Capture Antibody (100X)	0.4 ml	Pink	4°C
p44/42 MAPK Mouse Detection Antibody (100X)	0.4 ml	Blue	4°C
Anti-Mouse IgG, HRP-Linked Antibody (1000X)	0.04 ml	Yellow	-20°C



The relationship between the protein concentration of the lysate from untreated and PDGF-treated NIH/3T3 cells and the absorbance at 450 nm using PathScan® Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair #7246 is shown. NIH/3T3 cells were treated with PDGF (100 ng/mL) for 5 minutes at 37°C and then lysed.

MAP kinase. While multiple ERK1/2 MAP3Ks have been identified, including the Raf family, Mos, and Tpl2/Cot, MEK1 and MEK2 are the primary MAPKKs in this pathway (5,6). MEK1 and MEK2 activate ERK1/p44 and ERK2/p42 through phosphorylation of activation loop residues Thr202/Tyr204 and Thr185/Tyr187, respectively. Several downstream targets of ERK1/2 have been identified, including p90RSK (7) and the transcription factor Elk-1 (8,9). ERK1/2 are negatively regulated by a family of dual-specificity (Thr/Tyr) MAPK phosphatases, known as DUSPs or MKPs (10), along with MEK inhibitors such as U0126 and PD98059.

Background References:

- (1) Roux, P.P. and Blenis, J. (2004) *Microbiol Mol Biol Rev* 68, 320–44.
- (2) Baccarini, M. (2005) *FEBS Lett* 579, 3271–7.
- (3) Meloche, S. and Pouysselgur, J. (2007) *Oncogene* 26, 3227–39.
- (4) Roberts, P.J. and Der, C.J. (2007) *Oncogene* 26, 3291–310.
- (5) Rubinfeld, H. and Seger, R. (2005) *Mol Biotechnol* 31, 151–74.
- (6) Murphy, L.O. and Blenis, J. (2006) *Trends Biochem Sci* 31, 268–75.
- (7) Dalby, K.N. et al. (1998) *J Biol Chem* 273, 1496–505.
- (8) Marais, R. et al. (1993) *Cell* 73, 381–93.
- (9) Kortgenjann, M. et al. (1994) *Mol Cell Biol* 14, 4815–24.
- (10) Owens, D.M. and Keyse, S.M. (2007) *Oncogene* 26, 3203–13.

Storage: Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Capture Antibody and p44/42 MAPK Detection Antibody are stored at 4°C. Anti-mouse IgG, HRP-Linked Antibody is stored at -20°C.

Companion Products:

- PathScan® Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Kit #7177
- PathScan® Phospho-p44 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) Sandwich ELISA Kit #7315
- p44/42 MAP Kinase (L34F12) Mouse mAb #4696
- p44/42 MAP Kinase (137F5) Rabbit mAb #4695
- p44/42 MAP Kinase Antibody #9102
- Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) (E10) Mouse mAb #9106
- Phospho-p44/42 MAP Kinase (Thr202/Tyr204) Antibody #9101
- Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) (D13.14.4E) Rabbit mAb #4370
- Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (Thr202/Tyr204) (197G2) Rabbit mAb #4377
- Anti-mouse IgG, HRP-linked Antibody #7076
- Cell Lysis Buffer (10X) #9803
- TMB Substrate #7004
- STOP Solution #7002
- Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS-20X) #9808
- Phosphate Buffered Saline with Tween 20 (PBST-20X) #9809

PathScan® Sandwich ELISA Antibody Pair Protocol

A Required Reagents

- Coating Buffer:** 1X PBS, (20X PBS #9808)
3.2 mM Na₂HPO₄, 0.5 mM KH₂PO₄, 1.3 mM KCl, 135 mM NaCl, pH 7.4
- Wash Buffer:** 1X PBS/0.05% Tween-20, (20X PBST #9809)
- Blocking Buffer:** 1X PBS/0.05% Tween-20, 1% BSA
- 1X Cell Lysis Buffer:** (10X Cell Lysis Buffer #9803)
20 mM Tris (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM ethylene diamine tetraacetate (EDTA),
1 mM ethylene glycol-bis(2-aminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid (EGTA),
1% Triton X-100, 2.5 mM sodium pyrophosphate, 1 mM β-glycerophosphate,
1 mM Na₃VO₄, 1 μg/ml leupeptin.
- TMB Substrate:** (TMB Substrate #7004)
- STOP Solution:** (STOP Solution #7002)

NOTE: Reagents should be made fresh daily

B Coating Procedure

- Rinse microplate with dH₂O. Add 200 μl of dH₂O and discard liquid. Blot on paper towel to make sure wells are dry.
- Dilute capture antibody 1:100 in PBS. For a single 96 well plate, add 100 μl of Capture Antibody Stock to 9.9 ml PBS. Mix well and add 100 μl/well. Cover plate and incubate overnight at 4°C (17-20 hours).
- After overnight coating, gently uncover plate and wash wells:**
 - Discard plate contents into a receptacle.
 - Wash 4 times with Wash Buffer, 200 μl each time for each well. For each wash, strike plates on fresh towels hard enough to remove the residual solution in each well, but do not allow wells to completely dry at any time.
 - Clean the underside of all wells with a lint-free tissue.
- Block plates. Add 150 μl of Blocking Buffer/well, cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 2 hours.
- After blocking, wash plate as in Step 3. Plate is ready to use.

C Preparing Cell Lysates

- Aspirate media, treat cells by adding fresh media containing regulator for desired time.
- To harvest cells under nondenaturing conditions, remove media and rinse cells once with ice-cold PBS.
- Remove PBS and add 0.5 ml ice-cold 1X Cell Lysis Buffer plus 1 mM phenyl-methylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) to each plate (10 cm²) and incubate the plate on ice for 5 minutes.
- Scrape cells off the plate and transfer to an appropriate tube. Keep on ice.
- Sonicate lysates on ice.
- Microcentrifuge for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to a new tube. The supernatant is the cell lysate. Store at -80°C in single-use aliquots.

D Test Procedure

- Lysates can be used undiluted or diluted in Blocking Buffer. 100 μl of lysate is added per well. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 2 hours.
- Wash plate as in Coating Procedure, Step 3.
- Dilute detection antibody 1:100 in Blocking Buffer. For a single 96 well plate, add 100 μl of Detector Antibody Stock to 9.9 ml of Blocking Buffer. Mix well and add 100 μl/well. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.
- Plate is washed as in Coating Procedure, Step 3.
- Secondary antibody, either, anti-mouse or anti-rabbit-HRP, is diluted 1:1000 in Blocking Buffer. For a single 96 well plate, add 10 μl of secondary antibody stock to 9.99 ml of Blocking Buffer. Mix well and add 100 μl/well. Cover and incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- Wash plate as in Coating Procedure, Step 3.
- Add 100 μl of TMB Substrate per well. Cover and incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes.
- Add 100 μl of STOP Solution per well.
- Read plate on a microplate reader at Absorbance 450 nm.