

Phospho-c-Raf (Ser296) Antibody

✓ 100 µl
(10 Western mini-blot)

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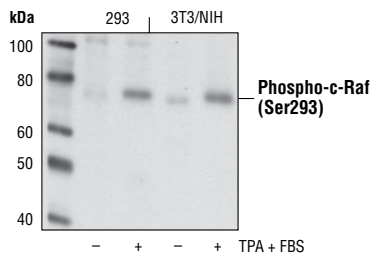
This product is for *in vitro* research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.
This product is not intended for use as a therapeutic or in diagnostic procedures.

Applications	Species Cross-Reactivity*	Molecular Wt.	Source
W Endogenous	H, M, R	74 kDa	Rabbit**

Background: A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf (Raf-1) are the main effectors recruited by GTP-bound Ras to activate the MEK-MAP kinase pathway (1). Activation of c-Raf is the best understood and involves phosphorylation at multiple activating sites including Ser338, Tyr341, Thr491, Ser494, Ser497 and Ser499 (2). p21-activated protein kinase (PAK) has been shown to phosphorylate c-Raf at Ser338 and the Src family phosphorylates Tyr341 to induce c-Raf activity (3,4). Ser338 of c-Raf corresponds to similar sites in A-Raf (Ser299) and B-Raf (Ser445), although this site is constitutively phosphorylated in B-Raf (5). Inhibitory 14-3-3 binding sites on c-Raf (Ser259 and Ser621) can be phosphorylated by Akt and AMPK respectively (6,7). While A-Raf, B-Raf and c-Raf are similar in sequence and function, differential regulation has been observed (8). Of particular interest, B-Raf contains three consensus Akt phosphorylation sites (Ser364, Ser428 and Thr439) and lacks a site equivalent to Tyr341 of c-Raf (8,9). The B-Raf mutation, V600E results in elevated kinase activity and is commonly found in malignant melanoma (10). Six residues of c-Raf (Ser29, Ser43, Ser289, Ser296, Ser301 and Ser642) become hyperphosphorylated in a manner consistent with c-Raf inactivation and the hyperphosphorylation of these six sites is dependent on downstream MEK signaling and renders c-Raf unresponsive to subsequent activation events (11).

Specificity/Sensitivity: Phospho-c-Raf (Ser296) Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-Raf protein only when phosphorylated at Ser296.

Source/Purification: Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phospho-peptide (KLH-coupled) corresponding to residues surrounding Ser296 of human c-Raf. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.



Western blot analysis of extracts from 293 and NIH/3T3 cells, untreated or treated with TPA + FBS, using Phospho-c-Raf (Ser296) Antibody.

Background References:

- (1) Avruch, J. et al. (1994) *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 19, 279–283.
- (2) Chong, H. et al. (2001) *EMBO J.* 20, 3716–3727.
- (3) King, A.J. et al. (1998) *Nature* 396, 180–183.
- (4) Fabian, J.R. et al. (1993) *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 13, 7170–7179.
- (5) Mason, C.S. et al. (1999) *EMBO J.* 18, 2137–2148.
- (6) Zimmerman, S. et al. (1999) *Science* 286, 1741–1744.
- (7) Sprenkle, A.B. et al. (1997) *FEBS Lett.* 403, 254–258.
- (8) Marais, R. et al. (1997) *J. Biol. Chem.* 272, 4378–4383.
- (9) Guan, K.L. et al. (2000) *J. Biol. Chem.* 275, 27354–27359.
- (10) Davies, H. et al. (2002) *Nature* 417, 949–954.
- (11) Dougherty, M.K. et al. (2005) *Mol. Cell* 17, 215–224.

Entrez-Gene ID #5894
Swiss-Prot Acc. #P04049

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C. *Do not aliquot the antibody.*

*Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.

**Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:
Western Blotting 1:1000

For application specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

IMPORTANT: For Western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide
Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine
Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.